

Edgefield Advertiser.

"We will cling to the Pillars of the Temple of our Liberties, and if it must fall, we will Perish amidst the Ruins."

VOLUME X.

Edgefield Court House, S. C., September 24, 1845.

NO. 35.

EDGEFIELD ADVERTISER.

W. F. DURISOE, PROPRIETOR.

NEW TERMS.

Two Dollars and Fifty CENTS, per annum, if paid in advance—\$3 if not paid within six months from the date of subscription, and \$4 if not paid before the expiration of the year. All subscriptions will be continued, unless otherwise ordered before the expiration of the year; but no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the Publisher.

Any person procuring five responsible Subscribers, shall receive the paper for one year, gratis.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at 75 cents per square, (12 lines, or less), for the first insertion, and 37½ for each continuance. Those published monthly, or quarterly, will be charged \$1 per square. Advertisements not having the number of insertions marked on them, will be continued until ordered out and charged accordingly. All communications, post paid, will be promptly and strictly attended to.

Notice.

THE Subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he intends petitioning the next session of the Legislature of the State of South Carolina, to grant him an exclusive charter for a Ferry over Saluda River, near the Island Ford, at the junction of the Districts of Edgefield, Abbeville, Laurens and Newberry. He also gives notice that he intends to oppose the application of Mr. J. W. Payne for a charter at the same place.

July 30 JAMES S. POPE. 4m 27

Notice.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the next Legislature, to declare Shaw's Creek a public highway, and to prevent obstructions to the free navigation thereof.

July 30 4m 27

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature at its next session, to declare Rocky Spring Creek, in Lexington District, a navigable stream.

August 20 4m 30

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature of South Carolina, at its next session to grant a Charter for a Rail Road, from Edgefield Court House to a point at or near Aiken.

September 3 4m 32

Public Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature of South Carolina at its next session, to repeal the "Act to incorporate the Village of Edgefield."

September 3 4m 32

Notice.

IS hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature at its next session, to alter the charter of the Town of Edgefield, so as to give to the Town Council, the exclusive right to grant Tavern licenses, and sell, or to retail spirituous liquors within said town.

August 27 3m 31

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the next Legislature of the State of South Carolina, for a renewal of the Charter granted by that body to Henry Shultz and Lewis Cooper, dated 17th December 1813, authorizing them to build a Toll Bridge across the Savannah River, from this State to the city of Augusta, State of Georgia, at their own labor and expense, with such a deduction of toll as the change of time and the improvement of the country will justify.

Hamburg, S. C., July 17 4m 27

Notice.

IS hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Legislature to make a public road, of the road leading from the five notch to Moors' road.

July 9 3m 24

The friends of Lieut. JAMES B. HARRIS, announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector at the next election.

Dec. 25 4m 43

We are authorized to announce GEORGE J. SHEPARD as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, at the next election.

Dec. 25 4m 43

The friends of EDWARD MORRIS, Esq., announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector at the next election.

Nov. 6 4m 41

The friends of SAMUEL B. MAY, announce him as a candidate for the Office of Tax Collector at the next election.

Oct. 30 4m 40

The friends of Maj. S. C. SCOTT, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector at the ensuing election.

Nov. 6 4m 41

The friends of Col. JOHN QUATTLEBAM announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, at the next election.

July 1 4m 41

We are authorized to announce M. GRAHAM, Esq., as a candidate for Ordinary of Edgefield District, at the next election.

Feb. 7 4m 2

To Rent.

ONE or Two of the most desirable Store Rooms in the village of Edgefield, suitable for Dry Goods, Merchant Tailor, Grocery or Drug Stores. Possession given immediately.

July 30 4m 27

New Weekly Paper in Charleston.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CHARLESTON MIRROR—A WEEKLY JOURNAL, devoted to the advancement of the Temperance Cause and General Literature, to be published in this city as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers shall be obtained.

The subscriber proposes (should a sufficient number of names be obtained to warrant the undertaking,) to establish in this city, a Weekly Paper, devoted to the cause of Temperance, Agriculture and General Literature.

In a large and populous city like ours, embracing so large a field of Temperance operations with three or four flourishing societies devoted exclusively to the advancement of the cause, it would scarcely seem unreasonable to presume, that, with proper effort, a sufficient proportion of patronage might be secured, to warrant the permanent establishment of a newspaper which would serve as an organ of the views and sentiments of the temperance community, as well as a repository of select miscellany for the entertainment of the general reader.

With the exception of the religious press, we have not a single weekly paper in Charleston, while in many of our northern cities, they are not only innumerable, but well supported. Surely, then, we can sustain one!

It is proposed to dedicate a portion of its columns, to the publication of commercial and other intelligence. Embracing such of the current news of the day, as may be afforded by original contributions and appropriate selections. The literary columns will comprise a series of essays, tales, sketches, &c., a portion of which will be written expressly for the Mirror.

The editor has already secured the aid of a number of zealous and active members of the Charleston Total Abstinence Society, who will contribute frequently to its pages; as well as that of several of our most popular writers by whose valuable co-operation, he has heretofore been enabled to contribute to the entertainment of the reading community.

The rate of annual subscription will be fixed at two dollars. Those who may prefer to subscribe for a shorter period will be furnished at twenty-five cents per month. Advertisements will be inserted at twenty-five cents per square of twelve lines.

The paper will correspond in size to the other Charleston weeklies. The mechanical execution will be regulated so as to give perfect satisfaction.

Subscription lists may be found at the Courier, Mercury and Patriot offices, and at the Hall of the Charleston Total Abstinence Society, Meeting street.

EDWIN HERRIOT

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, published every Thursday Morning, at No. 11, Spruce Street, New York. No. 16 State Street, Boston, and No. 21, Arcade, Phil.

(THE PRINCIPAL OFFICE BEING IN NEW YORK.)

BY RUFUS PORTER.

EACH number will be furnished with from two to five original Engravings, many of them elegant, and illustrative of New Inventions, Scientific Principles, and Curious Works; and will contain, in addition to the most interesting news of passing events, general notices of the progress of Mechanical and other Scientific Improvements; American and Foreign Improvements and Inventions; Catalogues of American Patents; Scientific Essays, illustrative of the principles of the Sciences of Mechanics, Chemistry and Architecture; useful information and instruction in various arts and Trades; Curious Philosophical Experiments; Miscellaneous Intelligence, Music and Poetry.

This paper is essentially entitled to the patronage of Mechanics and Manufacturers, being the only paper in America devoted to the interests of those classes; but is particularly useful to farmers, as it will not only advise them of improvements in agricultural implements, but instruct them in various mechanical trades, and guard them against impositions. As a family newspaper, it will convey more useful intelligence to children and young people, than five times its cost in school instruction. Another important argument in favor of this paper, is that it will be worth two dollars at the end of the year, when the volume is complete. (Old volumes of the New York Mechanic, being now worth double the original cost, in cash.)

Terms—The "Scientific American" will be furnished to subscribers at \$2.00 per annum—one dollar in advance, and the balance in six months.

Five copies will be sent to one address six months, for four dollars in advance.

Any person procuring two or more subscribers, will be entitled to a commission of 25 cents each.

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

John B. Rountree, Declaration in Foreign Attachment.

George Keppart, Attachment.

THE Plaintiff having this day filed his Declaration in my office and the Defendant having no wife or Attorney known to reside within the limits of the State, on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that the said Defendants do appear and plead to the said Declaration, within a year and a day from the date hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him by default.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, Nov. 11th, 1844. 4m 42

To the Independent Voters of Edgefield District!!

Fellow Citizens—Contrary to the advice and wishes of my friends I offer myself as a Candidate for the office of Tax Collector, and solicit your suffrages. If elected, which I do not expect to be, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my abilities.

JOHN J. McCOLLOUGH.

September 10 4m 33

State of South Carolina. EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

John B. Gordon Attachment.

Joseph M. Perry, Attachment.

Alex. J. Lawton Attachment.

Joseph M. Perry, Attachment.

THE Plaintiffs having this day filed their Declarations in the above stated cases in my office. It is therefore, Ordered, that the Defendant do appear and plead to the said Declarations within a year and a day from the date hereof, or in default thereof final and absolute judgments will be given and awarded against the said Defendant in both the above stated cases.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, 28th April, 1845.

April 30 14 1y

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

C. J. Glover, Declaration in Foreign Attachment.

James H. Harrison, Attachment.

The Same, Declaration in Foreign Attachment.

THE Plaintiff in the above stated cases having this day filed their declarations in my office, and the defendants having no wife or attorneys known to be within the limits of this State, on whom a copy of said declarations with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that the said defendants do plead to the said declarations, within a year and a day from the publication of this order, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against them.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, Oct. 31, 1844. 1y 41

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

Alsey Mobley, Lewis Mobley, Declaration in Attachment.

Simeon Jay, Attachment.

THE Plaintiffs who by leave of the Court, were allowed to plead their demand against the Defendant have this day filed their Declaration against the said Simeon Jay, and he having no wife or Attorney known to reside in this State upon whom a rule to plead, with a copy of said Declaration could be served. Ordered that the said Simeon do plead to this Declaration within a year and a day from the date hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, 22d Nov. 1844. 1y

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

J. W. Stokes, Declaration in Attachment.

P. H. Honeoy, Attachment.

THE Plaintiffs in the above stated cases, having this day filed their declarations in my office, and the defendants having no wife or attorney known to reside within the limits of the State, on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that the defendant appear and plead to the same within a year and a day from the day hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, 22d Nov. 1844. 1y

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

Berry Rodgers, Esq. Enoch Byne, Dec'n in Attachment.

Elijah Byne, Declaration in Foreign Attachment.

Cress & Turpin, Attachment.

THE Plaintiffs having this day filed their declarations in the above stated cases in my office, and the defendants having no wife or attorneys known to be within the limits of this State, on whom a copy of said declarations with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that the said defendants do plead to the said declarations, within a year and a day from the publication of this order, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against them.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, 17th March, 1845. 8 1y

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

Job Grisham, Attachment.

Elijah Byne, Attachment.

A. W. Wiggins, Attachment.

THE Plaintiffs in the above cases having this day filed their declarations in my office, and the Defendant having no wife or Attorney known to reside within the limits of the State, on whom a copy of said declarations with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that the said Defendants do appear and plead to the said declarations, within a year and a day from the date hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him by default.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, May 14, 1845. 1y 16

Notice.

WILL be sold at Edgefield Court House, on the First Monday in October next, the tract of land on which the Poor House now stands, supposed to contain about three hundred acres, on twelve months credit.

S. BUTLER, Chairman of the Board of Poor.

Sept. 3 4m 32

Notice.

ALL Persons are cautioned not to purchase, trade, or barter for a HORSE of the Bascom breed, at present in the possession of Mr. Seth Butler, of Edgefield District, as said Mare is the property of the subscriber.

BARTHOLOMEW MORRIS.

Augusta, August 26 (Rept. 5) 3t 32

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT. IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

Davis B. Hadley, Attachment.

Joseph M. Perry, Attachment.

Thomas Davis, Attachment.

Joseph M. Perry, Attachment.

THE Plaintiffs in the above cases, having this day filed their declarations in my office, and the Defendants having neither Wives or Attorneys known to reside within the limits of the State, on whom a copy of said declarations, with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that the said Defendants do appear and plead to the said declarations within a year and a day from the date hereof, or in default thereof final and absolute judgment will be awarded against them.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, May 12, 1845. 1y 16

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

Thomas Davis, Attachment.

Enoch Byne, Attachment.

Verity Farmer, Attachment.

Harmon Hust, Attachment.

Enoch Byne, Attachment.

Enoch Byne, Attachment.

Enoch Byne, Attachment.

Enoch Byne, Attachment.

THE Plaintiffs in the above cases, having this day filed their declarations in my office, and the defendants having neither Wives or Attorneys known to reside within the limits of the State, on whom a copy of said declarations with a rule to plead can be served: It is therefore ordered, that they do appear and plead to said declarations within a year and a day from the date hereof, or in default thereof final and absolute judgments will be awarded against them.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

May 12, 1845. 1y 16

South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

Seaborn A. Jones, Declaration in Foreign Attachment.

Enoch Byne, Attachment.

THE Plaintiff having this day filed his declaration in my office, and the defendant having no wife or attorney, known to be within the State, on whom a copy of the same, with a rule to plead, can be served: It is ordered, that the defendant plead to the said declaration, within a year and a day, or final and absolute judgment will be given against him.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, 17th March, 1845. 1y 8

State of South Carolina, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

Benj. F. Landrum, beater, Declaration in Attachment.

Richard Allen, Attachment.

THE Plaintiffs in the above stated case having this day filed their Declaration in my Office and the Defendant having no wife or attorney known to reside within the limits of the State, on whom a copy of the same with a rule to plead can be served. It is therefore ordered, that he appears and plead to the same, within one year and a day from the date hereof, or final and absolute judgment will be awarded against him.

THOS. G. BACON, c. c. p.

Clerk's Office, 21st Nov. 1844. 1y

Dr. Brandreth's Pills.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS by cleansing the Blood from all impurities, gives power to every organ to perform its functions healthily; no matter whether externally or internally situated. Nature has formed the bowels for the evacuation of all unhealthy humors of the blood, and if man would use but common sense, he would take care that they performed this office faithfully. If the bowels are out of order, if too slow, or too fast, a few doses of BRANDRETH'S PILLS will bring them to order. Ask the man who was dying from constipated bowels what cured him; he tells you BRANDRETH'S PILLS. Ask him who has had the dysentery for six months, and every remedy had failed; he tells you, BRANDRETH'S PILLS cured him in a week. So with other diseases. Twelve BRANDRETH'S PILLS rubbed down in half pint of molasses, cured a little boy of an ulcer of the face which was rapidly spreading to his eyes, and which a dozen doctors had tried to cure, but could not; the poor parents would have given half their worth to have had him cured, but every thing they tried did no good, until they gave it a tea spoonful of molasses every day, in half a pint of which they had rubbed down twelve BRANDRETH'S PILLS; before the whole of the molasses was taken the ulcer was cured. And yet some foolish people call BRANDRETH'S PILLS a quack medicine. It would be well if there were a few more such quack medicines. Will all your pretended Sarsaparilla Compounds, or Lozenges, or Salves, cure like the BRANDRETH'S PILLS? Ask them you to persons cured as Dr. Brandreth can? Can they point out to you people who had been helpless for years from Epilepsy and St. Vitus' Dance, who have been cured by their remedies? If they cannot, Dr. Brandreth can. Can they point out to you a person who for twenty years had never had a stool without having used medicine, or mechanical means, and whom the BRANDRETH'S PILLS cured in a month, and gave him as healthy evacuation as he had when he was a child?

THE PILLS are sold at Dr. Brandreth's Office, 241 Broadway, N. York. Also, by Bland & Butler, Edgefield C. H.; S. D. Clarke & Co., Hamburg; J. S. & D. C. Smiley, Meeting Street; W. M. Coleman, New Market; Whitlock, Sullivan & Walker, Greenwood; L. D. McIrri-mar, Cokesbury.

Aug. 27 5t

LAW BLANKS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The northern papers are teeming with accounts of crimes of profligacy, and crimes of blood. Every year seems but to add to the black catalogue, indicating most clearly, that in the great march of mind, and of improvements in the arts, good morals, well ordered governments, and social elevation take no part in the upward impulse. In government there is a strong proclivity to lynch law and mobocracy. For proof, behold the anti-riot disturbances of Delaware, Sullivan and other counties in New York, and the bloody outrages that have marked them. Behold the police accounts of robbery and murder which are of daily occurrence not only in cities, but on high-ways and by-ways, stimulated chiefly by the most sordid of all passions or goaded on by gaunt starvation.

The details of profligate vices and of frauds, resulting in the ruin of families, and often in self-destruction: the depravity of morals and the prevalence of crime at the north, are fruitful of sober reflection to the mind, contrasting this state of things with that prevailing in the section of country in which providence has cast our lot. The comparison cannot be made without resulting in a feeling of congratulation on our part, for the many advantages we enjoy. We may not enjoy the same prosperity in a pecuniary view, we have not as many avenues of wealth, as vast resources for enterprise, and as various inducements for profitable employments of capital, the same appliances of physical luxury, and for intellectual recreation. But in the essential elements of security from outrages, and peaceful enjoyment of our property and our rights; in the prevalence of internal tranquillity, and regard for the laws, and the moral restraint of social life, our condition is far preferable. We have not amongst us the antagonism of labor to capital, of numbers and physical force to wealth, which is so strikingly exhibiting itself in the north, and is yet destined to convulse society to its centre.

To what extent this may be attributed to the institution of slavery as it exists in the mild and patriarchal form among us, it may be interesting to the inquirer. That in this regard, it exercises a material and salutary influence, cannot be denied. Our laboring population have no evils of a physical nature to encounter—no physical wrongs, real or fanciful to redress. They are clothed, fed and nursed in infancy, and aye, in sickness and infirmity. They are content with their lot. They aspire not at the expense of others and of justice and right to change it. We have no mobs—no agrarianism—no organized bands of pick-pockets, of burglars, and of assassins.

This exemption is not temporary or accidental. It arises from the nature of our social system, and is productive of a sense of security, which is not so completely enjoyed in those communities where we and our institutions are most violently abused. This comparison is not made in any invidious spirit, nor to sustain the theory that under any and all circumstances, slavery is an institution, beneficial and desirable to a country. That it has its advantages and those of a very high order, is unquestionable as the truths of history. But these reflections are at times useful, to reconcile us to our lot, and to attach us more strongly to the soil of our nativity.—Georgia Constitutionalist.

Broken Counterfeiting Establishment.

Great Up.—One of the most extensive counterfeiting establishments in the country has been discovered and broken up near Stanford, Ky. It appears that a man named G. W. Robinson, of Kentucky, was lately arrested at Columbus, Ga., for passing counterfeit money, and that soon after he was taken dangerously ill, which induced him to make a full confession, disclosing the fact that two brothers, named John and William Banton, on their farm near Stanford, Ky., a large establishment for the manufacture of counterfeit notes and coins, constantly in operation, and that he and many others, in various sections of the Union, whose names he also disclosed, were employed as agents for its disposal. Mr. Ayer, a merchant of Columbus, immediately proceeded to Stanford, and aided by the Sheriff and a number of citizens, arrested the two Bantons. On searching their establishment they found a number of presses, (one of which will weigh 5000 lbs.) stamps, dyes, crucibles, metals, and every other article necessary for counterfeiting, all of which were taken in charge by the Sheriff, and the offenders committed for trial. The father of these two young men had often been suspected of carrying on this business, and had once or twice been arrested, but through his wealth always managed to escape punishment. He had finally, a few years ago to leave the State and flee to Texas, where he now resides.

Length of a Mile.—There is a great difference in the number of yards contained in a mile in the different countries. The following table will be useful: England or America, 1,760 yards; Russia, 1,100; Italy, 1,476; Scotland and Ireland, 2,200; Poland, 4,400; Spain, 5,028; Germany, 5,806; Sweden and Denmark, 7,523; Hungary, 8,800.

Alabama Seat of Government.—At the late elections in Alabama, the question of removing the Seat of Government was

put to the people to be voted on, and it appears to have been decided, by over seven thousand votes, to have it removed. It is very probable that the voice of the people will prevail, as it is stated in the Montgomery Journal that the majority in the legislature in favor of the measure cannot fall much short of two thirds.

[N. O. Pic.]

PENSACOLA, Sept. 6.

Naval.—The U. S. Sloop of War Saratoga arrived here on Sunday last, 13 days from Vera Cruz. The Saratoga remained off Vera Cruz four days, during that time her officers made frequent visits to the city and witnessed the many preparations that were going on for putting the place in a state of defence. The Castle of San Juan de Ulloa has been thoroughly overhauled and is now said to be in a good condition.

The French Brig of War Griffin, sailed from this port on Friday last, bound to Vera Cruz.

A Band of Murderers.—Some time in May last, a man named Davis was enticed from Hopkinsville, Ky., where he had collected the sum of \$650, and decoyed to an out-of-the-way place, by two persons named—Cisney and Edward A. Pennington, who murdered him, robbed him of the money, and then threw the body into a sink hole. Cisney afterwards rode Davis' mare over into Tennessee, where it was recognised by an acquaintance of the murdered man, whose unaccountable absence had excited much remark. A threat of being "lynched," extorted from Cisney, not only a confession of the deed and the place of concealment of the body, but also that there has been in existence for several years, a large and well organized band of men, who rob, counterfeit, steal negroes, and do not scruple to commit murder, and that it extended from Cincinnati to Nashville. When the sink hole into which Davis was pitched was searched, his body was found, together with two other skeletons of men, who had doubtless perished in a similar violent manner.

A Novel Air Gun.—The N. York News tells of a gentleman of that city who has an air gun of his invention, in the form of a walking stick, which is of the most ingenious and admirable workmanship. He charges it by a very simple process in less than one minute, when it will fire without a re-charge of air, twenty times. He fired it repeatedly in presence of the editor of the News, putting a ball each time through a board, with a wafer upon it, at the distance of three or